

# Unlocking Growth: M&A Trends in the Food & Drink Industry

Navigating the Future of Food & Drink M&A

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# Speakers

Here with you today...



**Doug Bentley**  
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# Agenda

- 1 Key M&A trends Doug Bentley
- 2 Insights into buyer and investor appetite Doug Bentley
- 3 Discussion on some key deals from 2025 so far Doug Bentley
- 4 Practical guidance for businesses considering a transaction  
– Diligence and Preparation, Tax, Operations Jon Throup  
Martin Verrall  
Matthew Woodgate
- 5 Live Q&A with Grant Thornton's Deals specialists

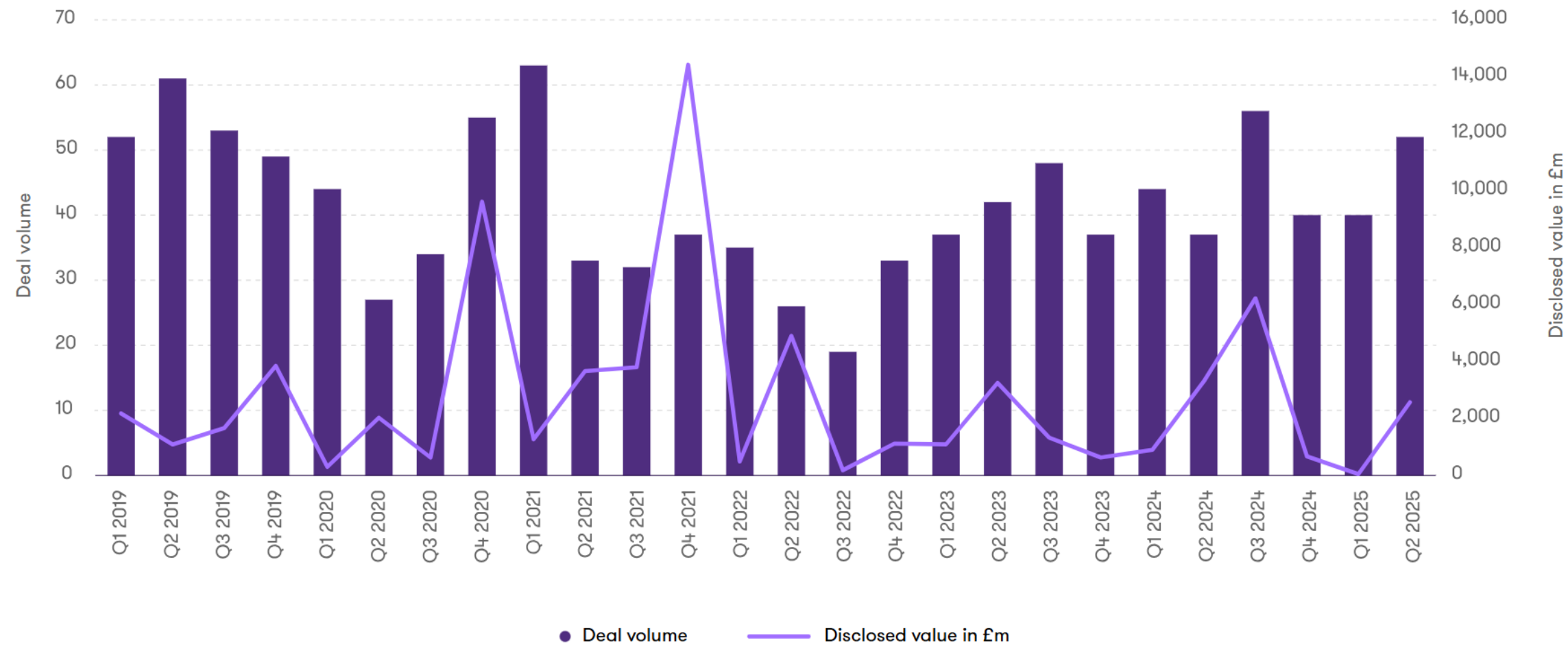


# **1 Key M&A trends**



# M&A trends

Positive outlook and momentum following a strong second quarter



Source: The data is an amalgamation of BvD Zephyr, Mergermarket and industry intel and the categorisations are our own.



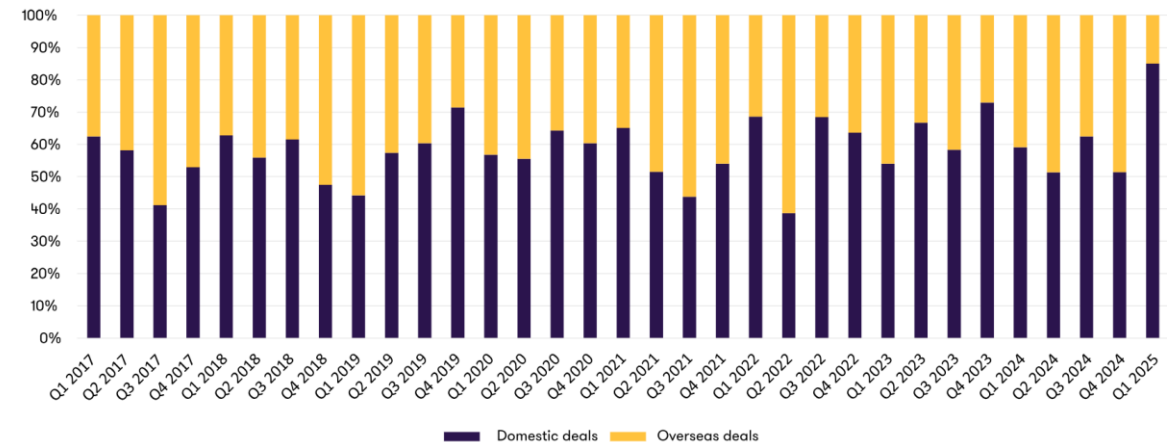
# M&A trends

## UK activity strongest since 2017

### Summary

- Q1 2025 marked the strongest quarter for UK-to-UK domestic M&A since Grant Thornton started tracking it in Q1 2017
- Driven by:
  - ✓ PE activity, with funds and family offices still having significant capital to deploy; and
  - ✓ PE-backed trade deals

### Cross border analysis of deals (quarterly)



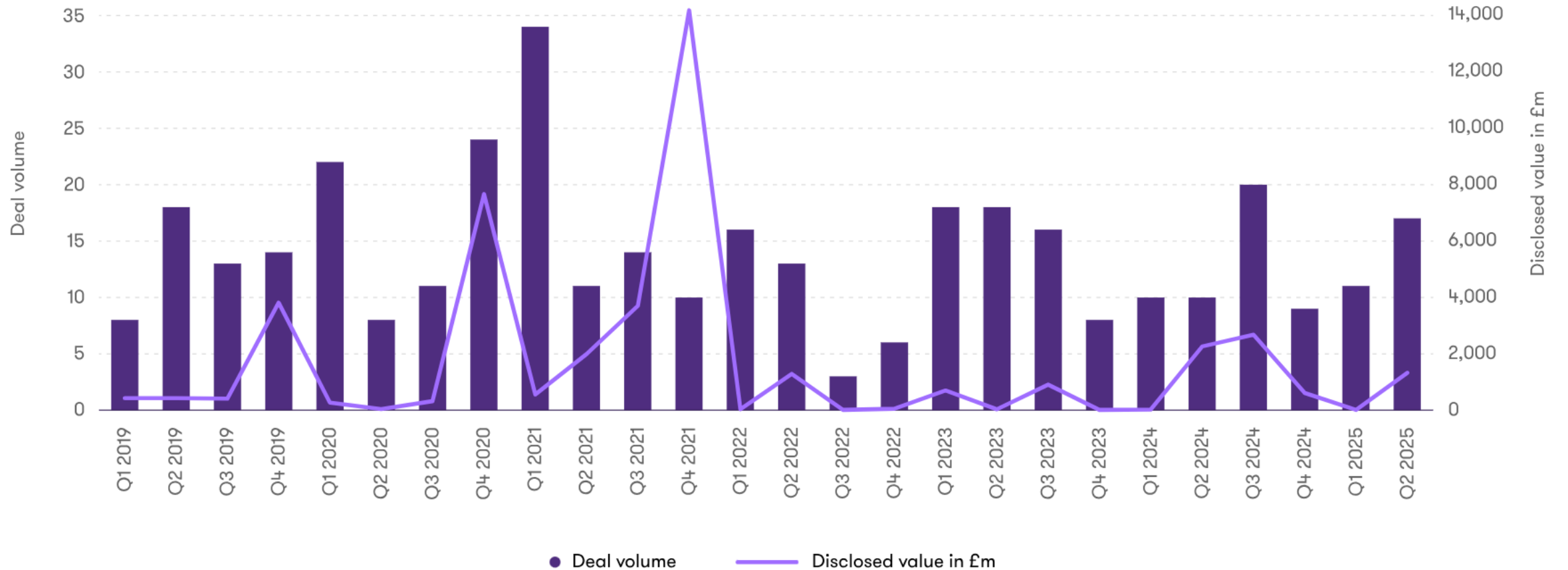
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[1] Domestic deals refer exclusively to transactions between UK-based buyers and sellers, while overseas deals include both inbound (international buyers acquiring UK businesses) and outbound (UK buyers acquiring international businesses).



# M&A trends

## A growing appetite for F&B from Private Equity

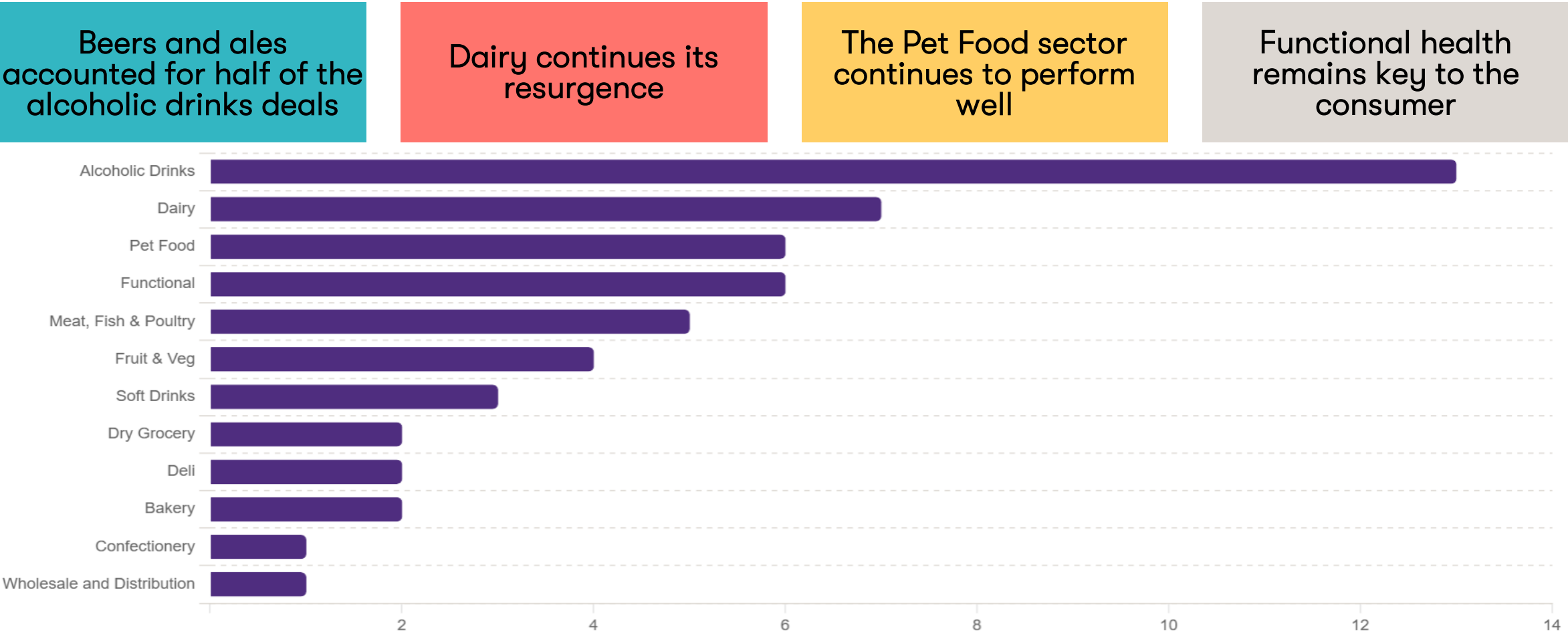


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# M&A market outlook

Positive outlook underpinned by activity in a variety of subsectors



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## Question

**Are you more or less confident in the market than 12 months ago?**

- a) More confident**
- b) Less confident**
- c) No change**





## **2 Insights into buyer and investor appetite**



# Buyer insights and Private Equity appetite

M&A appetite has been driven by PE activity, with funds and family offices still having significant capital to deploy, and PE-backed trade deals



Private Equity has significant dry powder to deploy and remains attracted to the underlying dynamics of the F&B sector

PE-backed trade deals are a long-term trend in the fragmented UK F&B sector

Supply chain pressures and commodity prices are driving the need for consolidation

Sub sectors such as alcoholic drinks and functional health, with strong growth brands and diversification close to core activities remain strong drivers of activity



# **3 Discussion on some key deals from 2025 so far**



# Key deals

Strategic UK-centred trade deals have enabled acquirers to strengthen and diversify their brand portfolios, expand into new product categories, and enhance supply-chain capabilities

- **Carlsberg Britvic:** Danish brewer builds on UK position
- **Bakkavor Group plc:** potential combination with Greencore plc
- **Yeo Valley:** acquires The Collective
- **Muller:** German manufacturer enters into UK functional foods market
- **Premier Foods:** continuation of growth strategy



# **4 Practical guidance for businesses considering a transaction**



# Due diligence trends

Due diligence is  
taking longer

Data Analytics  
and AI

EV based on  
Run Rate / Pro  
forma EBITDA

Commercial /  
market due  
diligence

ESG due diligence



# Financial due diligence focus areas and trends

Given increased buyer scrutiny on the sustainability of earnings and cashflows, robust data to support trends and EBITDA adjustments is a must for vendors

## Quality / Integrity of data

- Buyers expect to see:
  - Transactional level data
  - Data cubes
  - Dashboard of KPIs
- Not always readily available / usable format
- Reconciliation issues

Poor quality data results in bottlenecks in due diligence process

Use of data analytics and vendor assist to prepare and present data



## Underlying Profitability

- Buyers are laser focused on underlying EBITDA
- Use of pro forma / run rate EBITDA
- Aggressive adjustments in respect of:
  - Production efficiencies / inefficiencies
  - Normalisation of ingredients costs and other inflation
  - Supply chain disruption
  - Promotional spend
  - NPD

Importance of robust and credible adjustments to EBITDA



## Revenue and Gross margin

- Key buyer questions include:
  - Is revenue driven by price or volume
  - Are inflationary price increases sustainable
  - Customer concentration
  - Promotional dependency
  - How often are sales prices negotiated
  - Do contracts include escalation clauses for the pass through of cost inflation



# Financial due diligence focus areas and trends

Given increased buyer scrutiny on the sustainability of earnings and cashflows, robust data to support trends and EBITDA adjustments is a must for vendors

## Supply chain risk

- Buyers want to see a resilient supplier base
- Deeper reviews and focus on:
  - Key supplier dependencies
  - How has commodity / ingredient price inflation and volatility been managed
  - What has been the impact of supply chain disruption and how did Management seek to mitigate

**Evidencing that costs stabilising and/or Management has taken actions to offset impact**



## Net debt and working capital

- Analysis to understand how inflation, cost pressures, supply disruption impacted “normal” working capital
- Stock risks – slow moving, promotional, packaging stock
- Seasonality - how is build in working capital managed and funded
- Treatment of invoice financing



## Capital expenditure

Buyers want to see a well invested asset base.

Focus on:

- Age of asset base
- Production capacity & utilisation
- Level of investment in automation and productivity
- Maintenance vs Compliance vs Expansion



# Tax trends

With processes taking longer, it is even more important to be tax 'exit-ready'

## Due diligence

- What are your tax risk areas that could impact your deal?
- Buyer protections range from general warranties and indemnities through to cash retentions, purchase price deductions, and even aborted transaction processes
- Negotiating with purchasers often results in delays to transaction timetables

EMI / CSOP option schemes and employee shareholdings	●
Off payroll workers	●
Director/shareholder remuneration	●
R&D tax relief claims	●

## Equity structure

- Will your current equity structure deliver the intended value to shareholders and key management personnel in a way which is tax efficient?

EMI / CSOP option schemes and employee shareholdings	●
Multiple share classes / differing capital rights	●
'Promised equity'	●
Anti-embarrassment payments	●

## Transaction Perimeter

- Do you need to extract assets/activities that a purchaser won't wish to acquire / won't place value on / you want to retain?
- Do you have assets/activities outside of the corporate group that a buyer will want to acquire?

Excess cash	●
Commercial / residential property	●
Non-core subsidiaries	●
Non-core activities	●
Lack of a 'corporate group'	●

## Tax assets

- Do you have tax assets which will result in pre and/or post transaction tax savings that could be priced into the transaction?

Tax losses used pre-completion	●
Tax losses used post-completion	●
Share scheme deductions	●
R&D tax relief claims	●
Significant capital allowances pools	●

**A tax exit-readiness healthcheck is highly recommended!**



## Question

**Which of the following changes, that took effect from April this year has had most impact on your business?**

- a) increase in employer NIC cost (increase in rates and reduced thresholds)**
- b) increases in national minimum wage**
- c) changes to reliefs from business rates**





# Key considerations when acquiring and integrating

## Common pitfalls to avoid



### Creating the vision

- Not being clear on the integration goals and lack of alignment
- Lacking early clarity on the combined leadership team and appropriate 'release point'
- Rushing IT integration and making tactical decisions before defining the 'end game'
- Failing to set up the integration governance for success



### Engaging people

- Leadership not consistently setting the right tone
- Not addressing politics and egos early on
- Failing to consider organisational cultures and values
- Failing to communicate with employees reasonably openly and in a timely manner
- Not clearly addressing how employees will be personally impacted or adequately selling the benefits of change



### Taking control and delivering integration

- Not involving the integration workstreams in due diligence
- Underestimating the effort and resource required to deliver integration effectively
- Putting the wrong people in key roles on an integration
- Failing to move at pace



### Capturing value

- Not considering the full range of value drivers
- A lack of clear targets
- Insufficient focus and accountability for synergy delivery and tracking
- Insufficient consideration of data value and complexity
- Backing away from taking tough decisions, particularly in relation to people and roles



## Question

**Do you plan to undertake a transaction in the next 12 months?**

- a) Yes**
- b) No**
- c) In the future, but not in next 12 months**





# Q&A



## Get in touch...



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