

Food Safety Networking Event 14 June 2023, FDF Office London



Food Safety Networking Event



Welcome Kate Halliwell Chief Scientist, FDF









09:50 - 09:55: Welcome from Sponsor - Hannah Kendrick, Partner, Squire Patton Boggs

09:55 - 10:30: Keynote speaker: Future Foods - Professor Robin May, Chief Scientific Adviser, FSA

10:30 - 11:00: Tea and Coffee Break

<u>11:00 - 11:50:</u>

- Food Safety Culture Introduction / Update Bertrand Emond, Culture Excellence Lead, Campden BRI Group
- Legal risks of poor culture Nicola Smith, Partner, Squire Patton Boggs
- Implementing Food Safety Culture Zoë Shaw-Mason, Group Quality Manager, Hilton Food
- Q&A panel discussion

11:50 - 12:00: Introduction to FDF's Regulatory Committees and meet the team - Alex Turtle, Head of Regulatory Affairs

12:00 - 13:00: Networking lunch

<u>13:00:</u> Event finishes

Sponsored by:



Food Safety Networking Event



Sponsor Address Hannah Kendrick Partner, Squire Patton Boggs





Food Safety Networking Event



Future Foods Professor Robin May Chief Scientific Adviser, FSA



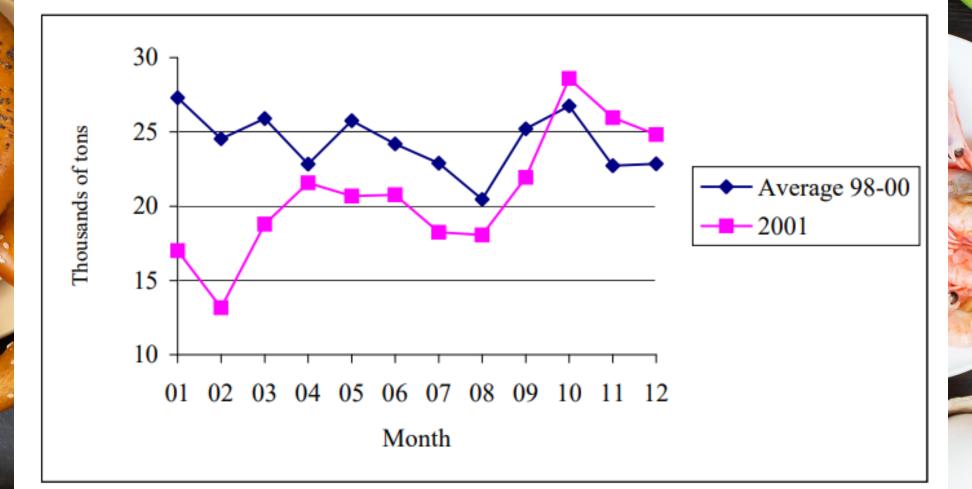




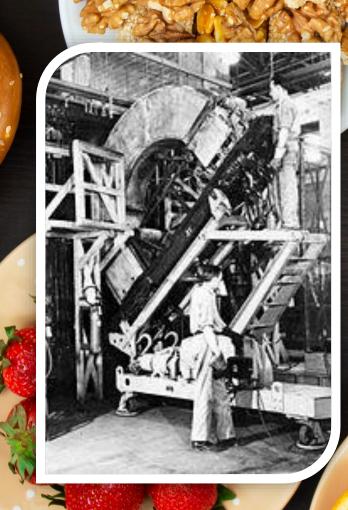
Eating is one of the few universal human behaviours...

...and therefore TRUST in food is integral to human society

Food Standards Agency food.gov.uk









Trust is underpinned by science, but science can be tricky...



Communicating Risk





- Typical purchasing decisions are 6-9 seconds per product
- Brand loyalty is a major driver
- Population 'memory' is short (although market impacts can be severe)
- Information overload is commonplace



What works well...

- Our advice is trusted by consumers: 75% trust FSA to ensure food is safe and authentic, 90% are confident in the safety of food they buy.
- Clear communication of risk e.g. Food Hygiene Rating Scheme: 87% aware, 51% used in last 12 months.



What is more challenging...

- Absolute versus Relative risk
- E.g. Norovirus Attribution Study
 - Lettuces account for 30% of foodborne norovirus transmission, versus 3% for oysters
 - Per serving, that equates to 1 in 15,000 for lettuce, but 1 in 160 for oysters



What is even more challenging...



PEOPLE UNDERESTIMATE LONG-TERM RISKS. PERCENTAGES ARE EASILY UNDERSTOOD BUT FREQUENCIES HELP MAKE RISK MORE 'REAL'. FIGURES AND GRAPHICS HELP WITH SWIFT DECISION MAKING BUT ARE EASILY MISUNDERSTOOD. Standards Agency food.gov.uk

Why is this important for the future?

Food Standards Agency food.gov.uk

> Sustainability and increased health concerns are set to transform our food system

Standards Agency food.gov.uk

New foods, New risks

Novel Crops

5

Standards Agency food.gov.uk

GM/GE crops – intended vs unintended consequences

For instance...

Off-Target Effects

e.g. a secondary mutation removing a nutrient, or overexpressing an allergen

Indirect Effects

e.g. a downstream metabolic impact on a vitamin

Direct Effects

e.g. an intentional change in nutrient or allergen profile NET WEIGHT INCLUDING NATURAL JUICES 12 02.

HORMEL

Genuinely novel foods are coming this way...fast

SPICEDHAM

INGREDIENTS: CHOPPED HAM, SALT, SUGAR, SODIUM NITRITE AND PEPPER

REPARED BY GEO. A. HORMEL & CO., AUSTIN, MINN.



Insect Proteins



- Insect allergies?
- Residues in animal feed?
- Compositional purity?
- Bioaccumulation?
- Waste valorisation?



Lab-grown meat – how to assess the risk of a totally novel product?

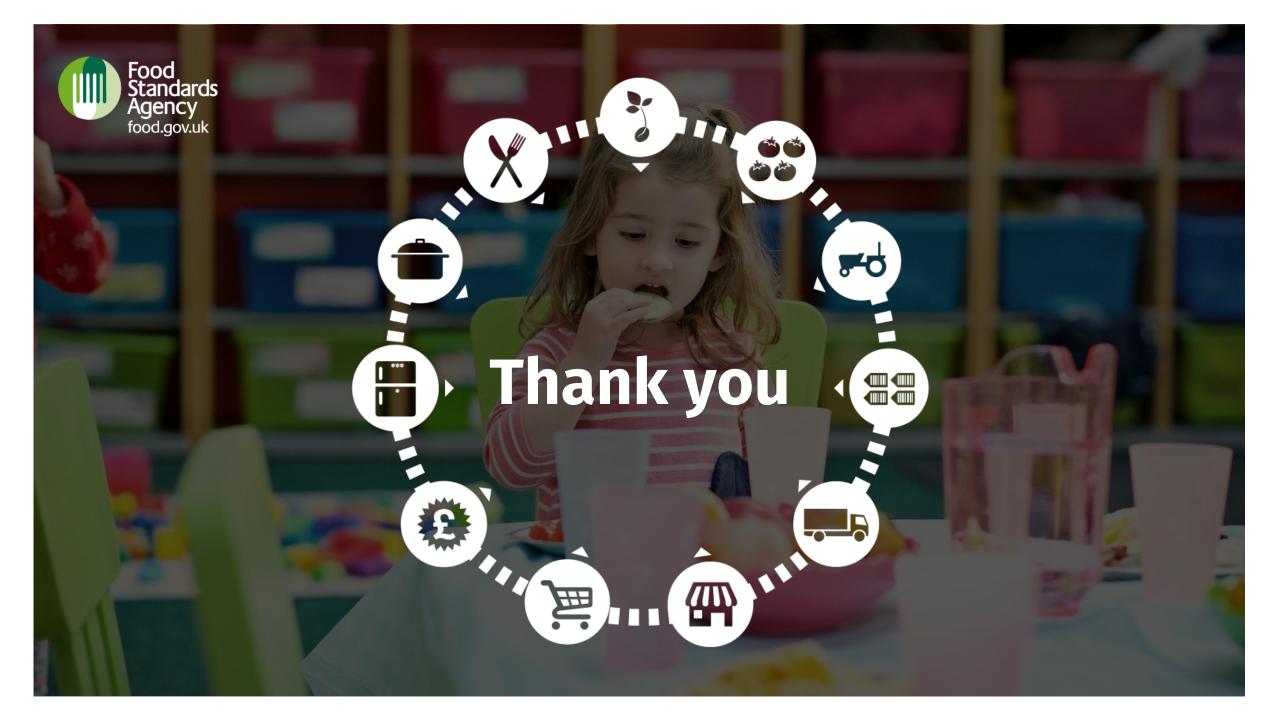
Sustainable Food Packaging

- Biodegradable (for example, chitin, cellulose, starch
- Circular economy (for example, cereal waste, chitin byproducts)
- No packaging food chain integrity?



0 5 23 200 mle

Distributed by: La Roche-Posay LLC, New York, NY 10017 Distributed by: La Roche-Posay Canada Montrial 1407 IKS When is a Food a Medicine? Prebiotics & Probiotics Personalised Diets Encapsulation & Sequestration Mental Health Modifiers



Food Safety Networking Event







Food Safety Networking Event



Coffee Break

Tag us with **#FDFEvents**







@Foodanddrinkfed



@The Food and Drink Federation

www.fdf.org.uk







Food Safety Culture Introduction / Update

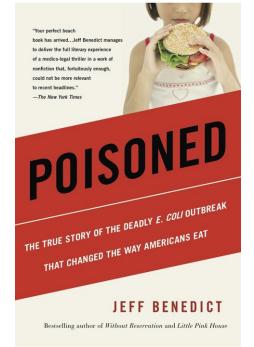
Bertrand Emond,

Culture Excellence Lead, Campden BRI Group











The WHY Behind Food Safety Video produced by STOP and California Leafy Greens Marketing Agreement https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AE9G818uJsQ



https://stopfoodborneillness.org



https://www.fightbac.org/





Strong and Positive Food Safety Culture = people do the right thing right at all times - first time even when under pressure even when no one is watching!





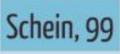


What is Culture ?





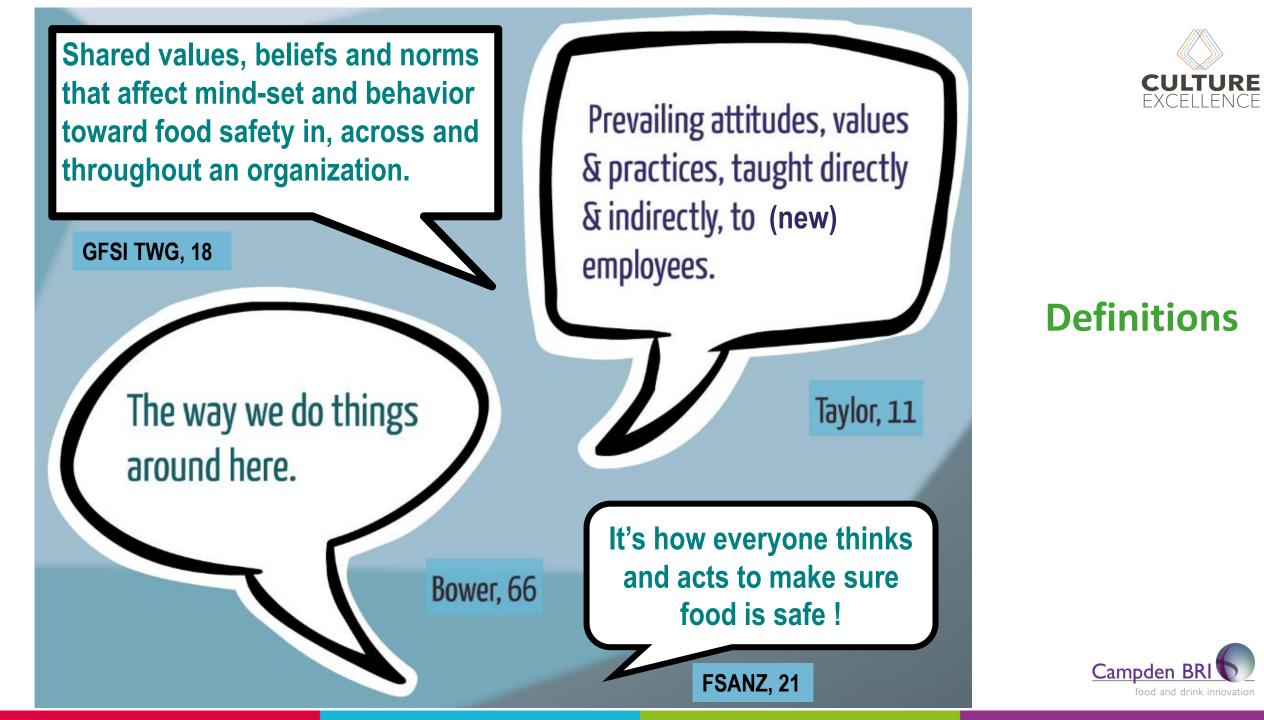
You can have the best documented standards in the world, but if they're not consistently put into practice by people, they're useless. Culture matters... Failure to understand culture & take it seriously can have disastrous consequences for an organisation.





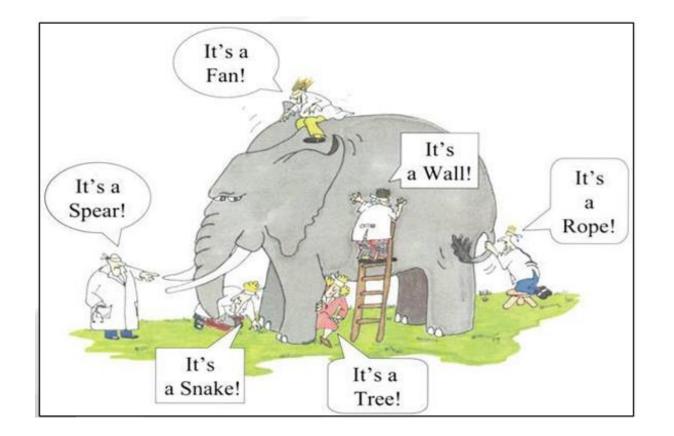
Yiannas, 09





What is the Culture of a Business









- Visible standards
- Premises & facilities
- Documents & records

- food safety policy
- objective setting and management review
- food safety in management meetings
- food safety resources
- risk awareness (e.g. for HACCP development)
- effectiveness of corrective and preventive actions
- internal audits
- training.





- Manager communications
- Meeting priorities
- Incentives & disincentives

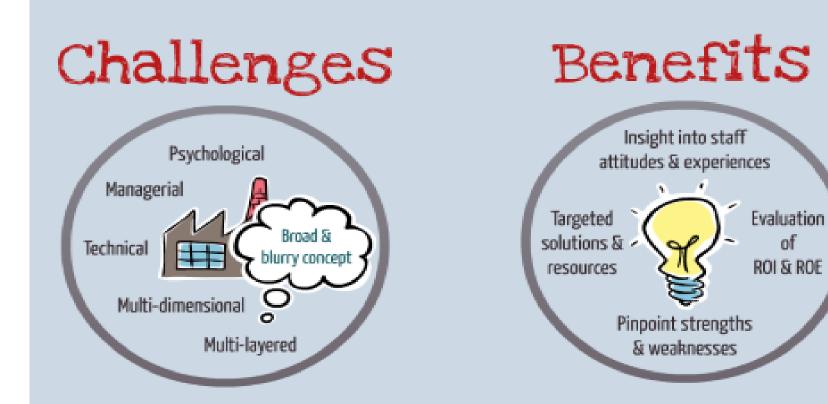
- Subtle communications
- Subtle rewards & punishments
- Unspoken rules

What you can get away with !



Understanding existing culture is the key to effective change





Need to be able to measure to improve!



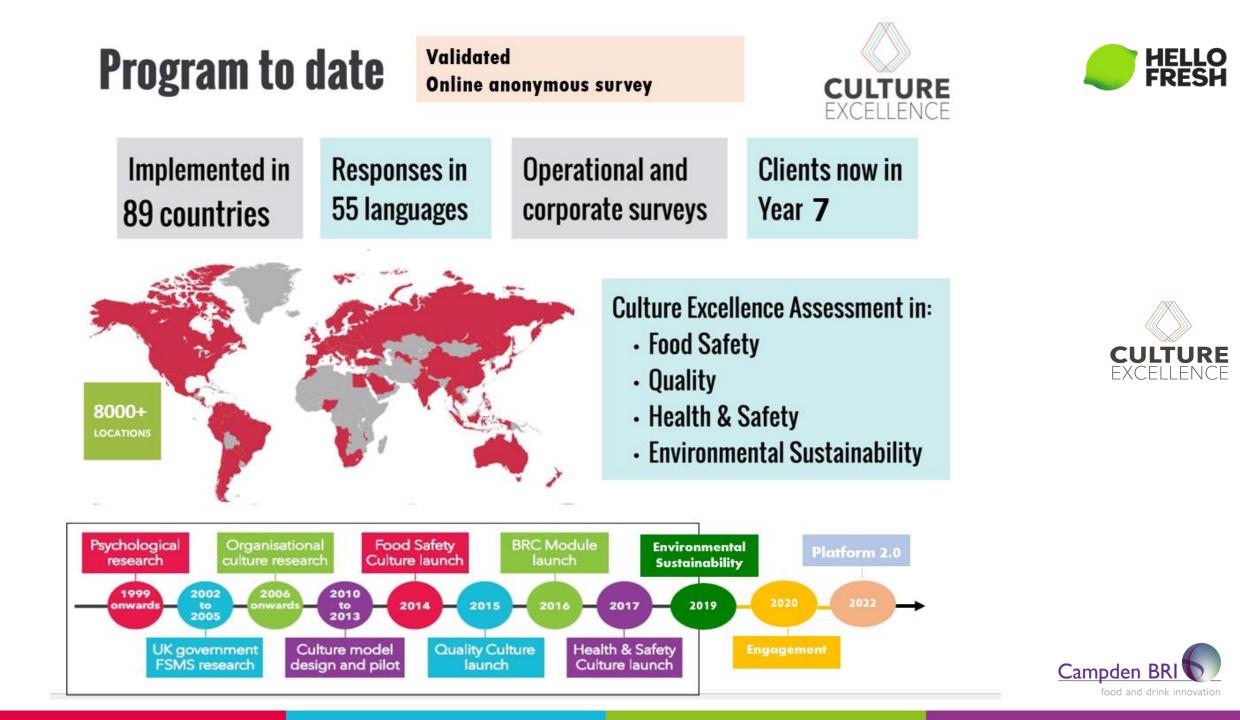


All components are assessed, resulting in more than 200 individually scored data points.

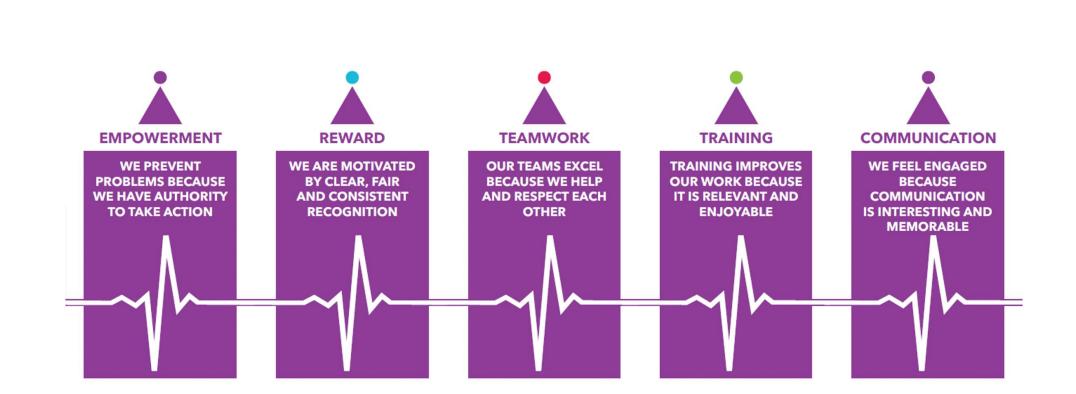
Effective solution for the measurement, analysis, and sustained improvement of culture











People





Process



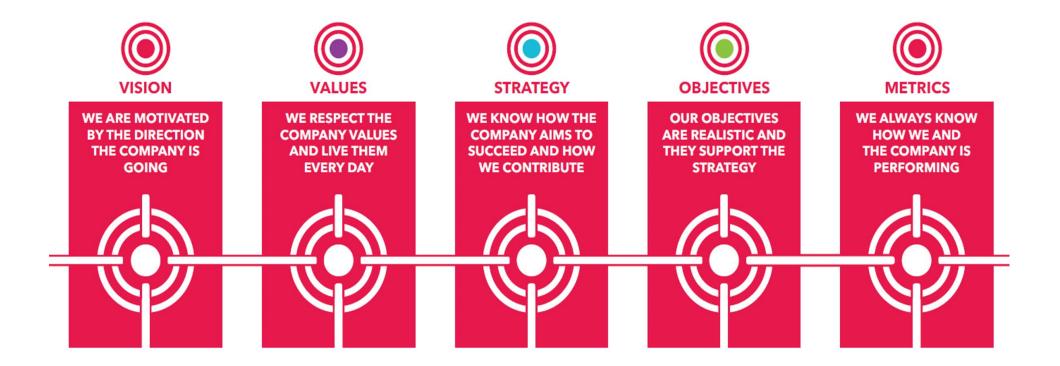










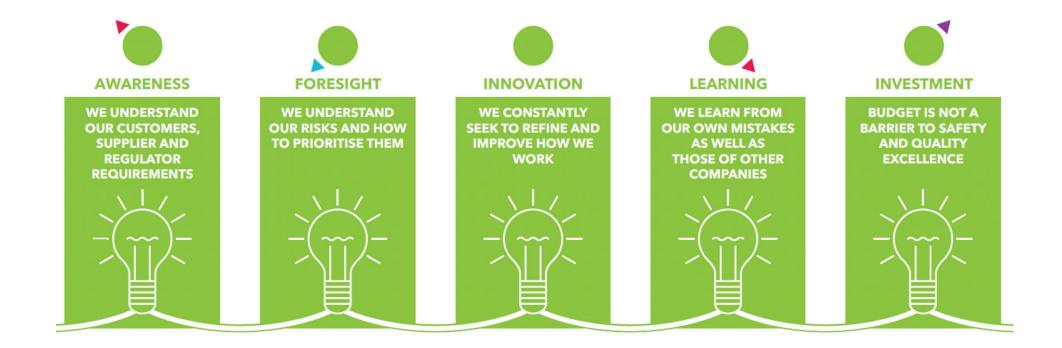






Proactivity







Data filters can be used on Platform reports. Filters can be customised for any criteria, including geography (e.g. country, site), hierarchy (e.g. role) and function (e.g. department, shift).



Filters can be used in any combination to pinpoint exact data, for example:

The Culture Excellence Platform provides an extensive range of data views and reports. To access a demonstration account of the Platform, please access: https://platform.culturexcellence.com Username: Demo Password: Demo



20 different reports are provided on the Platform, including the following examples:



Employee vs perceived company priorities











Discussion & Recommendations (Site & Group)

Benchmarking: sector, region, country

Hotspots

Qualitative Comments

Culture - Drivers





+ Regulations

Unannounced audits audit-ready at all times

Continuous Improvement Cost of non Quality

Investors and Insurance

ESG reporting

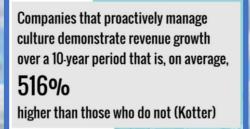
Glassdoor / Indeed





Benefits – Strong Culture

Business Review



A company with a highly developed culture of quality spends, on average, \$350 million less annually fixing mistakes than a company with a poorly developed one. Harvard



Customer Satisfaction

Revenue Gains and Growth

Increased Motivation

Better Decision Making

Enhanced Ability to Attract Top Talent

Better Employee Retention

More Desirable Company Image

Fewer Mistakes









PAS (Publicly Available Specification)

This PAS is intended for use by any organization of any size or complexity across the food chain, from primary production to final delivery to consumers.

PAS 320

Plan Do Check Act Framework

Governance + Guiding coalition team

PAS 320:2023

Developing and sustaining a mature food safety culture – Guide





"How to" guide

Steering Group Meeting Members

- SSAFE
- Compass Group
- Kerry Group
- McDonald's
- Dairy Farmers of America
- KFC UKI
- PepsiCo

- 3M
 - BRCGS
 - Campden BRI
 - Cultivate
 - DairySafe Victoria
 - Eagle Certification
 - Hello Fresh

- Intertek Alchemy
- Inst. of Food Science and Technology
- Lincoln University
- Maple Leaf Foods
- Musgrave

- One HarvestOSI Europe
- Walmart
- Zhejiang Standards Inst.
- Zhejiang Shouxiangu Botanical Drug Inst.

https://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/standards/pas-320/

Campden BRI

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

the World Health Organization

7 June 2022 | World Food Safety Day

A guide to World Food Safety Day 2022



Safer food, better health

June 7th

www.fao.org/world-food-safety-day www.who.int/world-food-safety-day

Key messages

If it is not safe, it is not food

There is no food security without food safety. Only when food is safe will it meet nutritional needs and help adults to live an active and healthy life and children to grow and develop.

Food safety has a direct impact on health

Safe food allows for the uptake of nutrients, promotes long-term human development and achievement of SDGs. Most foodborne disease is preventable with proper food handling and education.

Everyone is a risk manager

Everyone evaluates food safety risks as part of their daily choices. These choices are made by individuals and collectively by families, communities, businesses and governments.

Food safety is based on science

Consumers usually cannot tell from sight or smell whether their food is safe, but scientists have developed tests and tools to detect unsafe food. Food scientists, microbiologists, veterinarians, medical doctors and toxicologists, to name a few, advise what food production, processing, handling and preparation practices are needed to make food safe. When safe practices are employed across the food chain, food becomes safe.

Strengthening collaboration improves food safety

Shared responsibility for food safety requires working together on issues that affect us all – globally, regionally, nationally and locally. Collaboration is essential across sectors within communities, businesses, governments and across borders, to ensure the availability of safe food around the world in a sustainable manner now and in the future.

Investing in food safety today will reap future rewards

Safe food production improves economic opportunities by enabling market access and productivity. However, unsafe or contaminated food leads to trade rejections, economic losses and food loss and waste. Therefore, good practices along the supply chain can improve sustainability by minimizing environmental damage and helping to retain more agricultural product.

Although COVID-19 is not transmitted by food, the impact of the pandemic has disrupted our agrifood system and shown us the importance of planning in advance. As part of preparation for the next pandemic, governments should prioritize minimizing disruptions in the food supply chains, as consumers must always have reliable access to safe food. To build back better, we need to collaborate across disciplines, sectors and borders.

Only when we work together, can we achieve safer food for better health.









A Guide to World Food Safety Day 2023

June 7th

www.fao.org/world-food-safety-day www.who.int/world-food-safety-day

Key messages

There is no food security without food safety

Food safety is an essential part of food security. Only when food is safe can it meet nutritional needs and help adults to live an active and healthy life and children to grow and develop.

Food safety has a direct impact on health

Safe food allows for the uptake of nutrients, promotes long-term human development and achievement of several of the SDGs. Food safety is a shared responsibility, involving the whole supply chain, from producers to consumers. In this context, most foodborne disease is preventable with proper food handling and education at all levels.

Science is key to sound food safety management

Monitoring and surveillance and other data collection efforts followed by its assessment together with scientific research ensures that we have the knowledge and information to develop the expert scientific advice needed to maintain safe food despite changes to the production environment, processing technology and consumer habits.

Food safety impacts positively on economies and livelihoods

By ensuring their commodities meet food standards, producers and food traders gain the confidence of their market and secure their income. Unsafe food in trade can lead to export bans and destroy businesses, but governments can help protect the livelihoods of food workers by establishing a robust food control system and rigorous export controls.

Food standards protect consumers

When food safety standards are applied consumers will be protected by the efforts that have been undertaken in making sure that the food they consume is safer. Food safety standards provide the common basis for understanding and, at the same time, the common basis for joint action to ensure that all of us can benefit from safe food.

Food standards help producers

Implementing standards, guidelines and codes of practice along the food supply chain ensures that food is safe and nutritious when it reaches the consumer, contributing to consumer confidence in the products. Governments, producers, processors and retailers all play a part in ensuring food standards are met. The international food safety standards of the Codex Alimentarius facilitate fair practices in international trade.

.

Science underpins food standards

Food standards help to ensure food is safe. They are established following expert advice from food scientists, microbiologists, veterinarians, medical doctors and toxicologists, to name a few. They advise policymakers what food production, processing, handling and preparation practices are needed to make food safe.

Everyone is a risk manager

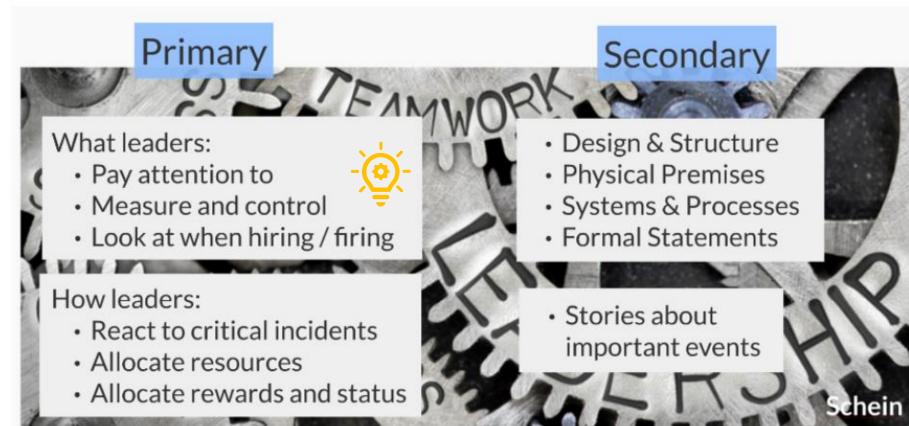
Everyone evaluates food safety risks as part of their daily choices. These choices are made by individuals and collectively by families, communities, businesses and governments.





Embedding Cultural Change











SAFETY AND QUALITY ARE SHARED RESPONSIBILITIES

everyone has a role to play – committed to a shared goal of producing safe food

Know your responsibilities and what you are accountable for; understand the role you play and the potential consequences of your actions









bertrand.emond@campdenbri.co.uk

www.campdenbri.co.uk

www.culturexcellence.com



food and drink innovation



Legal Risks of Poor Food Safety Culture

Nicola Smith

Partner, Squire Patton Boggs





Legal Obligations for Food Safety Culture



- Legal Duty to Maintain Culture?
- Offence not to Maintain Culture?
- Penalties for Poor Culture?



At least not directly.....

HSE: Safety Culture* (1)



- Culture and style of management very important
- Symptoms of poor cultural factors :
 - Widespread, routine procedural violations;
 - Failure to comply with the company's own safety management system (although either of these can also be due to poor procedure design); and
 - Management decisions that appear consistently to put production or cost before safety.



• * HSE: Common topic 4: Safety culture

HSE: Safety Culture* (2)



- Safety culture itself is not enforceable
- BUT enforcement to address outcomes of a poor culture, e.g., enforcement of management arrangements, such as Improvement Notice for implementing a Safety Management System (identification and control of human reliability risks)



* HSE: Common topic 4: Safety culture

Risks of Non-Compliance: Relevant Offences



- Criminal Liability/ Regulations:
 - Food Safety Act 1990
 - Rendering food injurious to health is an offence.
 - Any person who sells food not of nature, substance or quality intended, is guilty of an offence.
 - Food Safety and Hygiene Regulations 2013
 - Any person who fails to comply with 'specified EU provisions' commits an offence.
 - "Specified EU Provisions" include:
 - EU Food Hygiene Regulation (EC) 852/2004:
 - Satisfaction of hygiene requirements at all stages of production, processing and distribution of food
 - To put in place, implement and maintain a permanent procedure / procedures based on HACCP
 - Retention of documents and records for appropriate period
 - EU General Food Law Regulation (EC) No. 178/2002 number of 'specified provisions', including:
 - No placing of unsafe food on the market (food is unsafe if: injurious to health or unfit for human consumption)
 - Traceability
 - Requirements to notify, recall and / or withdraw food from market



Risks of Non-Compliance: Enforcement & Other



- Enforcement Action for Offences
- Potential Civil Liability for Negligence/ Breach of Duty of Care
- Manslaughter by gross negligence (gross failings of individuals)
- Corporate Manslaughter (generalised failing of management)
- Inquests
- Publicity risks







Some Good News:

- Public Interest Test Code for Crown Prosecutors
- Defence of Due Diligence (Food Safety Act 1990 s.21 and FSH Regs 2013 s.12)
 - General: It shall be a defence for the person charged to prove that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of the offence by himself or by a person under his control.
 - The FSA Guide on the Food Safety Act 1990 (published 2009) confirms:
 - the burden of proof lies with the person accused (as with any due diligence defence);
 - that person need only persuade the court that they exercised due diligence on the balance of probabilities;
 - 'reasonable care' will take account of all the facts in the case and a small business might not be required to undertake the same precautions which would be expected of one of the major retailers.
- Local Authority Due Diligence Defence Guidance Control techniques should include:
 - An assessment of the risk(s);
 - Establishing a system of <u>reasonable</u> safeguards;
 - Documentation of the solution;
 - Operation of the system; and
 - <u>Review</u> of the system.



Offences and Penalties



- Some Bad News:
 - Strict Liability
 - Penalty: Fine / Imprisonment
 - Officer Liability
 - Maximum fine limits removed
 - Sentencing Guidelines:
 - Step 1: Culpability and Risk of Harm
 - Step 2: Turnover to determine starting point and category range
 - Step 3: Proportionality to overall means
 - Step 4: Aggravating and mitigating factors



Sentencing - Culpability



- Definitive Sentencing Guideline for Food Safety & Hygiene Offences:
 - High Culpability:
 - "Offender fell far short of the appropriate standard; for example, by:
 - failing to put in place measures that are recognised standards in the industry
 - ignoring concerns raised by regulators, employees or others
 - allowing breaches to subsist over a long period of time"
 - Serious and/or systemic failure within the organisation to address risks to health and safety
 - Low culpability:
 - Offender did not fall far short of the appropriate standard; for example, because:
 - significant efforts were made to secure food safety although they were inadequate on this occasion
 - there was no warning/circumstance indicating a risk to food safety
 - Failings were minor and occurred as an isolated incident



Sentencing Guideline: Impact of Culpability



- Food Hygiene (Wales) Regulations 2006 (regulation 17(1)), Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 (regulation 19(1)), The General Food Regulations 2004 (regulation 4)
- Large organisation (over £50k) turnover Harm Category 1:

Culpability	Starting Point (£)	Range (£)
Low	35,000	18,000 – 90,000
Medium	200,000	80,000 - 500,000
High	500,000	200,000 – 1.4 million

Sentencing – Aggravating and Mitigating Factors



- Definitive Sentencing Guideline for Food Safety & Hygiene Offences:
 - Factors increasing seriousness (aggravating factor):
 - Motivated by financial gain
 - Poor food safety or hygiene record
 - Factors reducing seriousness or reflecting mitigation:
 - Steps taken voluntarily to remedy problem
 - High level of co-operation with the investigation, beyond that which will always be expected
 - Good food safety/hygiene record
 - Self-reporting, co-operation and acceptance of responsibility



Conclude: Summary of Legal Risks



- Risk of non-compliance
- Offence(s), e.g., sale of unsafe food
- Impact on risk-based inspections
- Availability of due diligence defence
- Public interest test implications
- Director liability
- Sentencing culpability, mitigating and aggravating factors



Questions?





Nicola Smith

Partner, Birmingham T +44 121 222 3230 E <u>nicola.smith@squirepb.com</u>



Local Connections Global Influence





Implementing Food Safety Culture

Zoë Shaw-Mason

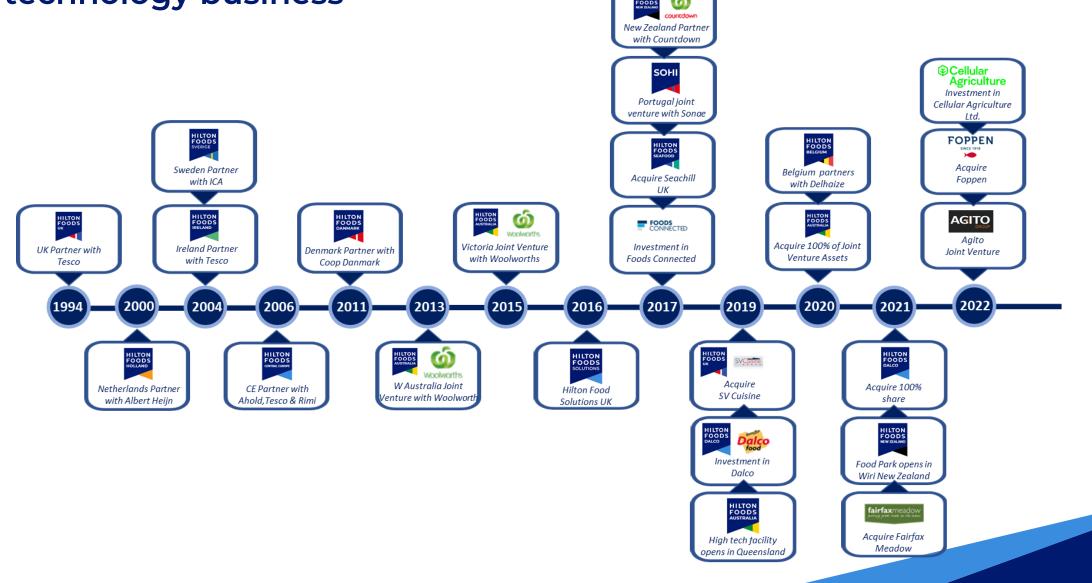
Group Quality Manager, Hilton Foods







Hilton Foods – An international, diverse multi-protein food technology business



Why Food Safety Quality Culture?



Why must Hilton want to monitor and continually improve Food Safety Culture?

- Food Safety Quality Culture is captured in European legislation (2021/382) in Chapter XIa detailing required commitment from leadership
- Codex Alimentarius introduces Food Safety Culture as concept of general principle, improving on food safety by increasing awareness and behaviour.
- BRC version 9 contains several clauses in Section 1 (Senior Management Commitment) detailing the requirement for monitoring and improving on a site's quality and food safety culture.

Why Does Hilton want to monitor and continually improve Food Safety Culture?

- Audit Ready -> Right First Time -> Reduced costs
- Consistency in Standards
- Improved Customer Satisfaction
- Empowered teams and staff

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2021/382

of 3 March 2021

amending the Annexes to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the hygiene of foodstuffs as regards food allergen management, redistribution of food and food safety culture

1.1 Senior management commitment and continual improvement



The site's senior management shall demonstrate that they are fully committed to the implementation of the requirements of the Global Standard Food Safety and to processes which facilitate continual improvement of food safety, quality management, and the site's food safety and quality culture.



Quality Culture Journey

Hilton Foods holds its first Food Safety Week facing lockdown challenges **Routine Culture** workshops with Champions to share Hilton again invited to Hilton invited to actions plans and present to Campden present at FDF Food Hilton Foods holds second Quality learnings. Launch of as example to industry Safety Networking Culture Survey with Culture Step up to Quality of leading culture event Excellence Brand Hilton Foods holds first Introduction of Hilton Foods invited to present for **Quality Culture** Hilton Foods holds **Quality Culture** Campden as an example of What Survey Shared learnings third Quality Culture with Culture Champions within Good Looks Like across sites explored Survey with Culture each site Excellence across group Excellence 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2 regions, Success Champions league 2 regions, 9 countries, 2 regions, 8 countries, 11 sites business wide with game developed in 9 countries, 13 sites 15 sites innovative ideas (e.g. other sites, Quality Engagement Champions League in featuring in objectives Engagement 66% Engagement 60% 43% HFP) and KPIs Examples shared where sites have gone Food Safety Week UP TO QUA over and above to engage with staff and Food Safety Week will be celebrated drive Food Safety Culture celebrated alongside alongside World World Food Safety Food Safety Day in Day June Posters, presentations and ideas from group shared with all sites. Various giveaways and prizes

HILTON FOODS

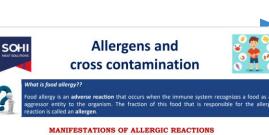
SOHI Meat Solutions





- Monthly topical Food Safety Posters
- Communication, celebrating achievements with all
- Videos with topical information, complaints, recalls etc
- Focussed training, high level of Non conformances in Foreign body, results in more FB control training
- Cross functional workshops focussed on culture
- Improvement projects in all areas, involving all levels of staff





Weekly, fortnightly and monthly team audits –

The Champions League

Hilton Foods Denmark



Monthly dashboard available on screens and hallways

Fødevaresikkerhed & Kvalitet	Oktober 2022						
Månedens Fokus: Produktpræsentation							
Reklamationer	Hygiejne & Husorden						
	Uge	40	41	42	43		
lge 41-44: 7 reklamationer	Produktion						
3 reklamationer/1 mio bakker	CW/Intake	89 %	96 %	98 %	91 %		
	Dispatch/1.sal	89 %	89 %	96 %	100 %		
Fødevaresikkerhed	Råvarer						
Der er nu gået 14 uger siden vi havde et tilbagekald	Vi har modtaget 1855 tons råvarer r siden vi Der er sendt 0,4% retur til leverandørerne						

 Monthly Quality topics, which are topical to recent issues



Politik for fødevaresikkerhed og kvalitet findes på app'en – det gælder både for vores lokale politik samt Hilton Foods' politik

Vores mål for fødevaresikkerhed

- ✓ Forarbejdning, tilberedning og pakning af kød eller planteprotein-baserede produkter på en økonomisk ansvarlig måde.
- ✓ At være en pålidelig og høj kvalitets partner for vores kunde.
- ✓ At skabe resultater med hensyn til kvalitet, sikkerhed, service, innovation og effektivitet i forarbejdning af kød, samt opnå en førende position og / eller udvikle os.
- At sætte overordnede mål, som sigter mod produkterne og tager hensyn til kundens forventninger.
 Produkt: ingen kritiske fremmedlegemer, ingen patogene mikroorganismer.
- ✓ At produkt- og emballage er i overensstemmelse med de vedtagne kvalitetsstandarder med kunden.



Hilton Foods Denmark

Teamwork

- "One Team" approach
- Production and Quality Management regularly meeting to ensure aligned
- Open door for all staff

Inclusion / Openness

- Production staff actively encouraged to have inputs, request training in Quality procedures.
- Commitment from management that training requests are always met



NC Reason

- Honest culture with no fear when mistakes are made
- Open dialogue with staff to establish true root cause
- NC reviews discussed and shared at all levels of DRMs (senior meeting to line huddle)

Focussed Training

- Quality focussed training matrix and requirements scoped for every role within the business.
- Quality relevant training to be trained out to all staff in 2023



Food Safety Week 2023

Food Safety Week Complaints Reduction Competition



How it works: QA's and Technical Team will provide you with a list of complaints. From this list, choose one and propose action(s) to reduce the complaint numbers and explain how this would benefit HF-UK

To take part: Inform any member of the Technical Team. Help will be provided if needed.

Prizes: 1st Place 55Inch TV, 2nd Place Sound Bar, 3rd Place Smart Watch



CROSS CONTAMINATION

Oh no!

We have a cross contamination calamity!

In this bowl we have a variety of foods and ingredients that have different bacteria and allergen risks

This creates a risk for cross contamination.

Cross Contamination is the transfer of harmful bacteria or substances (like allergens) from one food, person or surface to another.

Tips for avoiding cross contamination:

Use separate colour coded equipment for different food types

Thoroughly clean equipment, surfaces, and hands between handling
 different foods

Keep foods stored separately in sealed, labelled containers

KEEP 'EM SEPARATED: AVOID CROSS CONTAMINATION

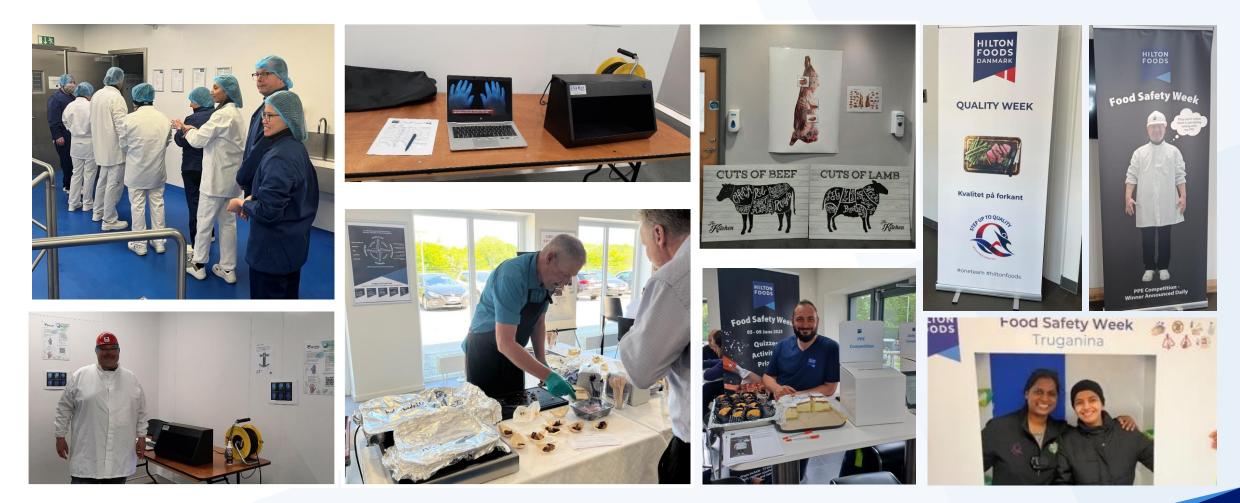
Food Storage







Food Safety Week 2023





Food Safety Week 2023







B





....



What happens next

- ► Food Safety Weeks
- Improvement plans
- Shared learning
- Keeping Food Safety front of mind every day.



Keeping Quality and Food Safety front of mind



Celebrating and recognising Food Safety awareness General

Well Done to loana!

🕒 16 hr ago 💿 360 ♥ 11







IOANA STROE SPOTTED SOME PLASTIC CONTAMINATION IN OUR PRODUCT, WHICH RESULTED IN US BEING ABLE TO ACT QUICKLY AND STOP THE CASES BEING SUPPLIED TO TESCO

A HUGE WELL DONE TO IOANA FOR SOME GREAT WORK

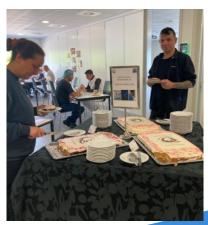


Exciting and engaging with all staff relating to Ouality













Panel Discussion







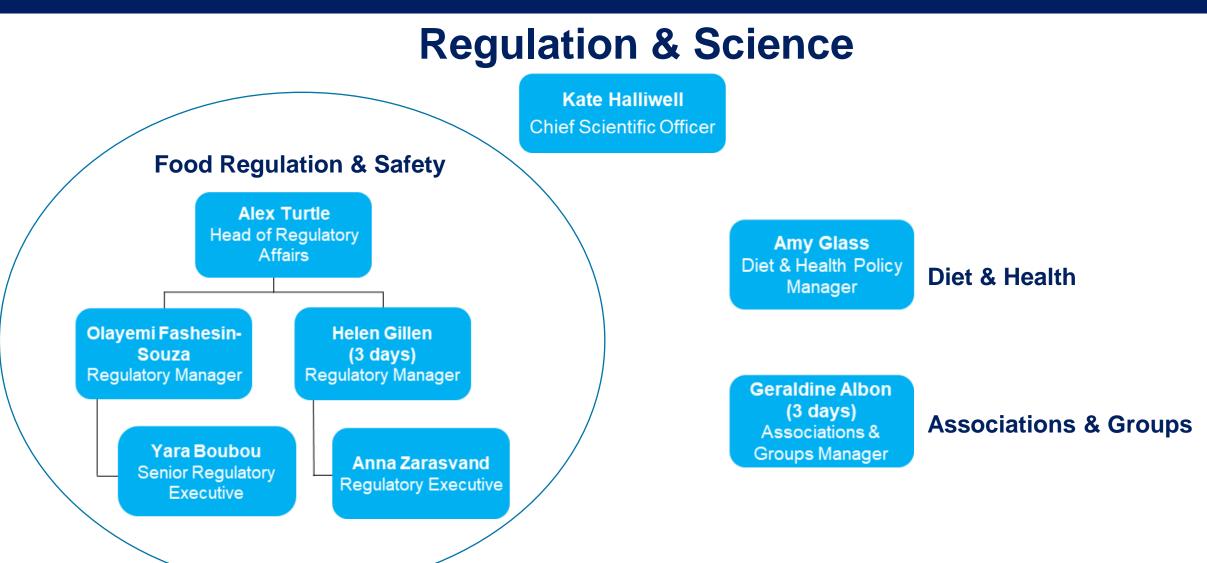
Introduction to FDF's Regulatory Committees and meet the team Alex Turtle, Head of Regulatory Affairs, FDF





Who we are ...





Our committees & alerts ...



Regulatory Committees		
Food Safety (FSC) steering, cross-cutting, horizon scanning, incidents, intelligence sharing	Secretariat: Helen Gillen	Chair: Derek Croucher, Morning Foods
Allergens (ASG) labelling, management, thresholds	Secretariat: Olayemi Fashesin-Souza	Chair: Dr Stella Cochrane, Unilever
Food Contact Materials (FCM) migration, packaging materials, inks	Secretariat: Yara Boubou	Chair: Madeleine Jones, Associated British Foods
Food Ingredients (FIG) additives, flavourings, enzymes	Secretariat: Yara Boubou	Chair: Julie Scott, Ingredion
Food Microbiology (MIC) foodborne illness, AMR, viruses	Secretariat: Anna Zarasvand	Chair: Iain Mortimer, apetito
Food Law and Labelling (FLL) food information, claims, enforcement	Secretariat: Alex Turtle	Chair: Alasdair Tucker, Premier Foods
Residues and Contaminants (RAC) organic, inorganic, process, biotoxins, pesticides	Secretariat: Olayemi Fashesin-Souza	Chair: Dr Ellen Norman, RSSL/Mondelez

Regulatory Email Alert Groups

Genetic Technologies (GT) precision breeding, genetic modification

> **Novel Foods (NF)** new ingredients, nano, cloning

Food Safety Committee

 [™] 29 June 2023
 [⊙] 10:30 - 14:30
 [♀] 6th Floor, 10 Bloomsbury Way, LONDON, WC1A 2SL

Register for an FDF Member Account

o receive email alerts, select '*Watch committee*' on all relevant <u>committee pages</u>

Update your '<u>Preferences</u>' to select your interest topics & newsletters to be alerted about

To participate in committee meetings, select *'Request to join'* on each <u>committee page</u>

Website, Toolkits & Issues Matrices

fdf



Home > FDF dashboard > Committees list > FCM

View all committees

The Food Contact Materials (FCM) Committee leads on issues relating to materials and substances intended to come into contact with food and drink and which affect the interests of the UK manufacturing industry. This includes developments associated with implementation of the overarching FCM Regulation and relating to a variety of packaging and related materials, including flexible and rigid plastics, paper and board, metals, printing inks, adhesives and coatings.

Next FCM meeting dates: 18 May 2023 > 11 Oct 2023



FCM Toolkit This provides resources and information relating to the key food contact materials legislation and links to the relevant legislation and guidance documents are included.

This committee is open to all FDF member companies to follow (click 'Watch committee' below to receive email alerts) and/or participate in its meetings (click 'Request to join' below).





Toolkit: Incident prevention and management toolkit ^{15 May 2023}

Read more >

The FDF's Incident Prevention and Management toolkit signposts to resources and best practice guidance to support members in ensuring that they are alert to potential food safety or authenticity issues and can respond swiftly to emerging risks and incidents to protect their businesses and consumers.



2023 Allergens (ASG): Priority Issues Matrix (Last update: March 2023 & under constant review)

Major contact materials • Promotion of Quantitative Risk Assessment policy developments Major Risk management decision on tolerable risk • Promotion of Quantitative Risk Assessment • Promotion of industry best practice Major Risk management decision on tolerable risk • Promotion of Quantitative Risk Assessment • Promotion of industry best practice Major Risk management decision on tolerable risk • Allergenicity assessments of novel proteins & foods • Promotion of Code developments Moderate • Supporting sector associations • Allergen analysis & testing • Codex developments • ILSI Europe workstreams • Allergen training • Codex developments • FSA's UK allergy prevalence research & science • Moderate • Natasha's law evaluation • Engagement with allergy charities • Out-of-home allergen labelling • FSA Allergy Alerts for product recalls • Accreditation schemes • Out-of-home allergen labelling • Use Medium • Accreditation schemes • Low Medium Hedium High				(
Moderate • ILSI Europe workstreams • Emerging food allergens • FSA's UK allergy prevalence research & science Moderate • Natasha's law evaluation • Engagement with allergy charities • Engagement with allergy charities Minor • Accreditation schemes • Out-of-home allergen labelling • Out-of-home allergen labelling • Low Medium High		Major	contact materials Risk management decision on tolerable risk 	 Promotion of Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) as best practice Allergenicity assessments of novel proteins & 	policy developments Promotion of industry best practice allergen information (i.e. to SMEs) Vegan & 'allergen'-free claims
• Engagement with allergy clinicians • Out-of-home allergen labelling • Minor • Accreditation schemes • Low Medium	Impact →	Moderate		Emerging food allergensAllergen training	• FSA's UK allergy prevalence research &
		Minor	Engagement with allergy cliniciansFSA Allergy Alerts for product recalls		
			Low	Medium	High
Urgency →				Urgency →	

How to stay updated ...

fdf

FDF Regulatory Round Up

Fortnightly newsletter circulated every other Friday morning To keep members up to date with the ever-evolving regulatory landscape with a selection of key food safety and food law updates

NEW FDF Regulatory Updates Webinar

This twice-yearly webinar aims to provide members with an overview of some of the key recent and upcoming changes in food safety and consumer protection policy

Fo	r comment / consultation
	ASG: Draft FDF Guidance on Change Management of Allergen Information ASG-014-23 This new guidance is due to be made publicly available later this year & we welcome member feedback by 9 Jun 2023 FSC: FSA Food Fraud Working Group: Whistle-Blower Survey FSC- 018-23 Member feedback by close of play today is most appreciated or 30 May at the latest
o	r information
в	/ UK
	ASG: FDF response to the FSA consultation on the update to its Technical Allergen Labelling Guidance ASG-015-23 We support the introduction of best practice principles on 'may contain' statements & the important differentiation of 'nut' and 'peanuts' as separate allergens FLL: Defra call for further industry impact assessment data on bread and flour FLL-020-23 This is to estimate the concerning costs for a hard switch-over scenario for fortificant label changes FSC: Final FSA Science Council report on food safety in the net zero era FSC-019-23 This calls for cross-government collaboration & regular horizon scanning to ensure that rapidly evolving primary production
	FSC: FSA Incident Signal updates – May 2023 FSC-017-23 Check out
	the FDF Incident Prevention and Management Toolkit for key resources & FSA's latest incident signals

 <u>ORG</u>: Organics policy update <u>ORG-010-23</u> Includes multiple Defra guidance updates on importing, exporting & labelling of organic foods

FSC-015-23 19 April 2023		food & drink federation passionate about food & drink		
INFORMATION Authoring committee:	Food Safety Committee	Copyright Private and confidential to be circulated ONLY to FDF members and authorised recipients		
Sent to:	FSC, ASG, FCM, FIG, FLL, MIC, RA BOBMAT, BSIA, CBD, CIMA, FoB, G SSAT, UKAPY			
Topics:	Food safety, food regulation, inciden	ts		

FDF Food Safety and Authenticity Report – April 2023

Highlights

- Operation Hawk: Ongoing FSA & NFCU investigation into a meat processor. This is being treated as food fraud and not a food safety incident
- EU review of honey authenticity with all UK samples deemed suspicious of adulteration
- UK Avian Influenza housing orders lifted with biosecurity measures remaining in place
- Further proposed EU restrictions on PFAS 'forever chemicals'
- EFSA concludes mineral oils aromatic hydrocarbons as possible risks to health
- New EU maximum levels for arsenic in certain foods established
 UK coalition to challenge the regulation of multi-source substances
- El revised and new T.2 / HT.2 musterin maximum levels supported by m
- EU revised and new T-2 / HT-2 mycotoxin maximum levels expected by mid-2024
- New stevia sweetener additive authorised in GB and associated label changes
- GB risk assessment of titanium dioxide as a food additive delayed

NEW FDF Food Safety & Authenticity Report Issued 3x a year – live and topical issues, technical policy updates, food fraud prevention and resources

FDF EU RASFF Alert

Weekly alert sent out every Wednesday providing a summary of the recent hazard alerts from the EU which could impact UK supply chains

Divergence tracking

fdf



Regulatory toolkit

Toolkit: Regulatory toolkit 22 March 2023

This toolkit is designed to provide members with a single point of reference for information at a GB and EU level on food legislation; authorisation process for regulated products; nutrition and health claims applications and links to the FDF regulatory trackers which provides an overview of potential areas of divergence between EU/GB legislation for the issues being covered by FDF's technical food safety committees.



	FOOD I Read more >		eration nate about food & drink						Copyright: Private and confidential to be	circulated ONLY to FDF members	and authorised recipients	
			Food Ingredients (FIG) Regulatory Tracker: UK/GB vs EU/NI					Last reviewed: 30 March 2023	Disclaimer: Non-exhaustive legislative overview and national EU Member State rules may apply in addi			
		Topic Area	Aspect	Market 🚽	Regulator	Current status	Link	Policy developments	Timeframe (e.g. Implementation date / Transition Period)	Impact/opportunity	Related legislation	
R	egulatory toolkit	Additive (Sweetener)	Stevia glycosides (E960a: Steviol glycosides from	GB	FSA, FSS	E960c authorised in GB & E960 to change to E960a	<u>Link</u>	GB Statutory Instruments laid on 16 March 2023	Enters into force on 15 May 2023, with transitional arrangements until 14 Nov 2024	GB rules for these stevia additives now align with those in the EU/NI	and Novel Foods (Authorisations) Regulations 2023	
Th	B/EU Regulatory Developments Trackers e FDF Regulatory Committees have developed trackers to provide an overview of GB and EU/NI regulatory developments		Stevia / E960c: Enzymatically produced steviol			Authorised use of E960c & changed E960 to E960a with sell through of previoulsy labelled products permitted for 18 months	<u>Link</u>		Published on 14 Jul 21 & 18 month transition period ended on 2 Feb 2023		Commission Regulation (EU) 2021/1156	
tha	t are significant to the FDF membership:		glycosides)	NI	EC / FSA	Aligned with the EU						
	Food Law and Labelling (FLL) Tracker	Additive (Sweetener)	Glucosylated steviol glycosides (E960d)	GB	FSA, FSS	Application for extension of use will be needed in GB						
FL	L Lead: Alex Turtle			E		EC	sweetener	Link		Published 1 March 2023 entered into force on 22 March 2023		Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/447
	Food Contact Materials (FCM) Tracker			NI	EC / FSA	Aligned with the EU						
FC	M Lead: Yara Boubou	Additive (Sweetener, bulking agent, humectant)		Polyols (E420, E421, E953, E965, E966, E967	GB	FSA, FSS	Application for extension of use will be needed in GB				Compliant EU products cannot yet be sold on the GB market	
	Food Ingredients (FIG) Tracker		: agent, & E968) ant)	EU	EC	Authorised extended the use of polyols in certain energy- reduced confectionery products	<u>Link</u>		Published on 19 Jul 21 & entered into force on 8 Aug 21		Commission Regulation (EU) 2021/1175	
	- last operated to match 2020			NI	EC / FSA	Aligned with the EU						
FI	G Lead: Yara Boubou	Additve (Colour)	Titanium dioxide (E171)	GB	FSA, FSS	Safety risk assessment by COT/COM ongoing		FSA consultation on TiO2 was published 1 March 2023	FSA Risk Assessment is expected to be completed by end of Q2 2023	GB market no change		
	Residues and Contaminants (RAC) Tracker			EU	EC	EU ban of titanium dioxide as a food additive	<u>Link</u>		Published on 18 Jan 22 & transition date ended on 7 Aug 2022	Required reformulation for EU market	Commission Regulation (EU) 2022/63	
R	C Lead: Olayemi Fashesin-Souza			NI	FSA	Implemented the EU ban				Required reformulation for NI market		
1	Food Microbiology (MIC) Tracker	Additive (Acidity	Sodium & potassium carbonates (E500 &	GB	FSA, FSS	Application to mirror this EU use will be needed in GB		Not known if GB application has been submitted				
		regulators)	E501)	EU	EC	Authorised use of E500 & E501 in unprocessed molluscs and crustaceans'	<u>Link</u>		Published on 2 Feb 22 & entered into force on 22 Feb 22		Commission Regulation (EU) 2022/141	
				NI	EC / FSA	Aligned with the EU					· · ·	

Food Safety Networking Event



Thank you!

Tag us with **#FDFEvents**



@fdfevents



@Foodanddrinkfed



@The Food and Drink Federation



www.fdf.org.uk



